

been recorded over 300,000 per square meter. Impacts of introduction include outcompeting native species and altering water chemistry. Currently, populations in Wyoming occur in Yellowstone National Park, Grand Teton National Park and in the Bighorn, Shoshone, and Snake rivers.

New Zealand mudsnail are spread by fish and birds, natural downstream dispersal, upstream through rheotactic behavior, and by humans on fishing gear.

## If you are using New Zealand mudsnail infested waters please remember to:

- ✓ **DRAIN** all water from your gear and equipment. This includes all types of watercraft, waders, boots, clothing, buckets anything that comes into contact with the water.
- ✓ **CLEAN** all equipment and gear of plants, mud and debris. *Never move a plant or animal from one location to another*.
- ✓ **DRY** everything thoroughly. In Wyoming we recommend drying for 5 days in the summer, 18 days in the spring or fall, or 3 days at freezing temperatures.